Parramatta River Conceptual Model Dry Weather

Sydney **WAT ₹R**

Modified sub-catchments



- Water continuously flows from the catchment.
- . Sediment, nutrients and contaminants are transported directly to the river. · Limited habitat is provided for organisms and vegetation that improve water quality.





- Water pools in water holes and deep sections of natural creeks.
- · Sediment, nutrient and contaminant transport to the river is low.
- · Habitat exists for a range of organisms and vegetation that improve water quality.



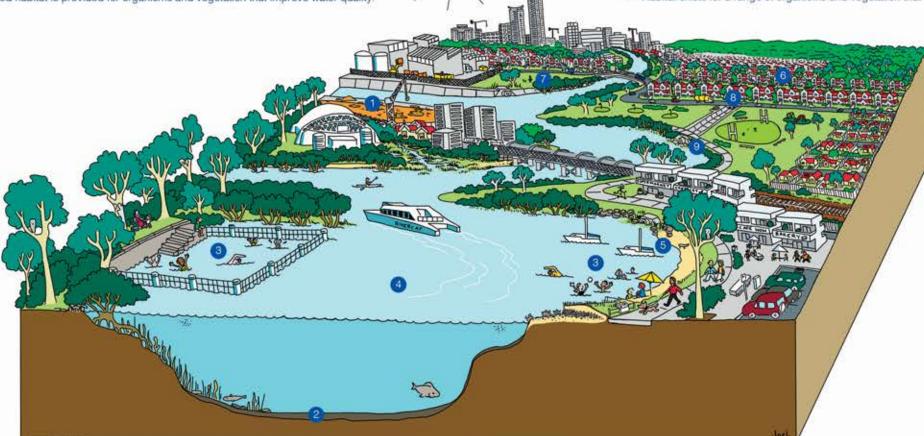
Natural background flow in creeks and stormwater channels is low, transporting few nutrients and contaminants to the river.

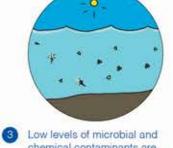


Chemical contaminants, rubbish and organic matter accumulate on roads and other hard surfaces during dry weather.



Domestic and native animals are all possible sources of microbial contaminants.





Chemical contaminants are

concentration along the river.

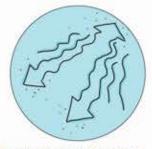
bound in sediments and vary in

Historic industrial land uses, and waste management practices

have contributed chemical

contaminants to the river.

chemical contaminants are present in the water, during dry weather, making it safe for swimming if within guidelines for recreational waters.



sediments throughout the river, shifting contaminants with them.



Wash from ferries and boats, wind and people wading mixes sediments into the water



Wastewater overflows are very infrequent, contributing low volumes of microbial contaminants and nutrients to the river.